



We create chemistry

Safety Data Sheet

CB71V RICH BRONZE

Revision date : 2021/02/10
Version: 7.1

Page: 1/12
(30191832/SDS_GEN_CA/EN)

1. Identification

Product identifier used on the label

CB71V RICH BRONZE

Recommended use of the chemical and restriction on use

Recommended use*: Basecoat product

Recommended use*: Paints, Coatings and Related Materials; for industrial use only

Unsuitable for use: Not intended for sale to or use by the general public.

* The "Recommended use" identified for this product is provided solely to comply with a Federal requirement and is not part of the seller's published specification. The terms of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) do not create or infer any warranty, express or implied, including by incorporation into or reference in the seller's sales agreement.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company:

BASF Canada Inc.
100 Milverton Drive
Mississauga, ON L5R 4H1, CANADA

Telephone: +1 289 360-1300

Emergency telephone number

24 Hour Emergency Response Information

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

BASF HOTLINE: (800) 454-COPE (2673)

Other means of identification

Chemical family: Coating

2. Hazards Identification

According to Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) (SOR/2015-17)

Classification of the product

Skin Corr./Irrit.	2	Skin corrosion/irritation
Eye Dam./Irrit.	2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Skin Sens.	1	Skin sensitization
STOT SE	3 (Vapours may cause drowsiness and	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure

Safety Data Sheet

CB71V RICH BRONZE

Revision date : 2021/02/10
Version: 7.1

Page: 2/12
(30191832/SDS_GEN_CA/EN)

Flam. Liq.	dizziness.) 3	Flammable liquids
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Label elements

Pictogram:



Signal Word:
Warning

Hazard Statement:

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary Statements (Prevention):

P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection or face protection.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash contaminated body parts thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P242	Use only non-sparking tools.
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Precautionary Statements (Response):

P312	Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use water spray for extinction.
P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P333 + P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove or Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P337 + P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Precautionary Statements (Storage):

P403 + P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P403 + P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405	Store locked up.

Precautionary Statements (Disposal):

P501	Dispose of contents and container to hazardous or special waste collection point.
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Safety Data Sheet

CB71V RICH BRONZE

Revision date : 2021/02/10
Version: 7.1

Page: 3/12
(30191832/SDS_GEN_CA/EN)

Hazards not otherwise classified

No applicable information available.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

According to Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) (SOR/2015-17)

2-Propanol

CAS Number: 67-63-0
Content (W/W): ≥ 10.0 - $< 15.0\%$
Synonym: Isopropyl alcohol

1-methoxypropan-2-ol

CAS Number: 107-98-2
Content (W/W): ≥ 15.0 - $< 20.0\%$
Synonym: 1-Methoxy-2-propanol; Propylene glycol monomethyl ether

2-dimethylaminoethanol

CAS Number: 108-01-0
Content (W/W): ≥ 1.0 - $< 3.0\%$
Synonym: N,N-Dimethyl(2-hydroxyethyl)amine; 2(Dimethylamino)ethanol, Deanol

1-methoxy-2-propylacetate

CAS Number: 108-65-6
Content (W/W): ≥ 10.0 - $< 15.0\%$
Synonym: 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate; 1-Methoxy-2-propyl acetate

2-butoxyethanol

CAS Number: 111-76-2
Content (W/W): ≥ 1.0 - $< 3.0\%$
Synonym: Butyl cellosolve

2,4,7,9-Tetramethyldec-5-yne-4,7-diol

CAS Number: 126-86-3
Content (W/W): ≥ 1.0 - $< 3.0\%$
Synonym: 2,4,7,9-Tetramethyl-5-decyne-4,7-diol

Iron oxide

CAS Number: 1309-37-1
Content (W/W): ≥ 5.0 - $< 7.0\%$
Synonym: C.I. 77491

Aluminum

CAS Number: 7429-90-5
Content (W/W): ≥ 10.0 - $< 15.0\%$
Synonym: No data available.

4. First-Aid Measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice:

Remove contaminated clothing.

Safety Data Sheet

CB71V RICH BRONZE

Revision date : 2021/02/10
Version: 7.1

Page: 4/12
(30191832/SDS_GEN_CA/EN)

If inhaled:

Keep patient calm, remove to fresh air. If breathing difficulties develop, aid in breathing and seek immediate medical attention.

If in eyes:

Flush with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids open to facilitate rinsing. If irritation develops, seek medical attention. Seek medical attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms: Information, i.e. additional information on symptoms and effects may be included in the GHS labeling phrases available in Section 2 and in the Toxicological assessments available in Section 11.

Information on: 2-Propanol

Symptoms: Overexposure may cause:, headache, dizziness, coordination disorder, coma, abdominal cramps, nausea, vomiting

Information on: 1-methoxypropan-2-ol

Symptoms: Overexposure may cause:, lacrimation

Information on: 2-dimethylaminoethanol

Symptoms: Overexposure may cause:, dyspnea, restlessness, coughing, headache

Information on: 2,4,7,9-Tetramethyldec-5-yne-4,7-diol

Symptoms: Overexposure may cause:, corneal injury, severe pain, skin irritation, erythema, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, diarrhea, abdominal cramps

Information on: Iron oxide

Symptoms: Overexposure may cause:, rhinitis, irritation of the mucous membranes, irritates the eyes and respiratory tract, headache, vomiting, dizziness, diarrhea, abdominal cramps

Information on: Aluminum

Symptoms: No data available.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physician

Treatment: Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no known specific antidote.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:
carbon dioxide, foam, dry powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media for safety reasons:
water jet

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Advice for fire-fighters

Safety Data Sheet

CB71V RICH BRONZE

Revision date : 2021/02/10

Version: 7.1

Page: 5/12

(30191832/SDS_GEN_CA/EN)

Protective equipment for fire-fighting:

Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and turn-out gear.

Further information:

Remove product from areas of fire, or otherwise cool sealed containers with water in order to avoid pressure build up due to heat.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use antistatic tools. Wear suitable personal protective clothing and equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Environmental precautions

Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Dike spillage. Place into appropriately labeled waste containers.

7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

Handle and open container with care. Use static lines when mixing and transferring material. Do not puncture, drop, or slide containers. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.

Protection against fire and explosion:

Use antistatic tools. Exhaust fans should be explosion proof. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Sealed containers should be protected against heat as this results in pressure build-up.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Segregate from oxidizing agents. Segregate from incompatible substances.

Suitable materials for containers: Carbon steel (Iron), tinned carbon steel (Tinplate), High density polyethylene (HDPE), Low density polyethylene (LDPE), Polyethylenetherephthalate (PET), Polypropylene (PP)

Further information on storage conditions: Protect from direct sunlight.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Components with occupational exposure limits

2-Propanol	OSHA PEL	PEL 400 ppm 980 mg/m ³ ; STEL value 500 ppm 1,225 mg/m ³ ; TWA value 400 ppm 980 mg/m ³ ;
	ACGIH TLV	STEL value 400 ppm ; TWA value 200 ppm ;
1-methoxypropan-2-ol		
	ACGIH TLV	TWA value 50 ppm ; STEL value 100 ppm ;

Safety Data Sheet

CB71V RICH BRONZE

Revision date : 2021/02/10

Version: 7.1

Page: 6/12

(30191832/SDS_GEN_CA/EN)

2-butoxyethanol	OSHA PEL	PEL 50 ppm 240 mg/m ³ ; Skin Designation ; The substance can be absorbed through the skin. SKIN_FINAL ; The substance can be absorbed through the skin. TWA value 25 ppm 120 mg/m ³ ;
	ACGIH TLV	TWA value 20 ppm ;
Iron oxide	OSHA PEL	PEL 10 mg/m ³ fumes/smoke ; TWA value 10 mg/m ³ fumes/smoke ;
	ACGIH TLV	TWA value 5 mg/m ³ Respirable fraction ;
Aluminum	ACGIH TLV	TWA value 1 mg/m ³ Respirable fraction ;

Advice on system design:

Provide local exhaust ventilation to maintain recommended P.E.L.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection:

Do not exceed the maximum use concentration for the respirator facepiece/cartridge combination.

Hand protection:

Use appropriate chemically impervious gloves as determined by an evaluation of glove performance characteristics and the hazards and potential hazards identified, including but not limited to butyl, natural and synthetic rubber, nitrile, or neoprene.

Eye protection:

Wear face shield if splashing hazard exists. Tightly fitting safety goggles (chemical goggles).

Body protection:

Body protection must be chosen based on level of activity and exposure.

General safety and hygiene measures:

Work place should be equipped with a shower and an eye wash. Remove contaminated clothing. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and clean before re-use or dispose it if necessary. Contact lenses should not be worn. Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at the end of the shift.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form:	liquid
Odour:	aromatic
Odour threshold:	No applicable information available.
Colour:	bronze colour
pH value:	No applicable information available.
Melting point:	No applicable information available.
Freezing point:	No applicable information available.
Boiling range:	82.00 - 2,230.00 °C
Sublimation point:	No applicable information available.
Flash point:	> 23 °C
Flammability:	No applicable information available.
Lower explosion limit:	1.50 %(V)
Upper explosion limit:	13.74 %(V)
Autoignition:	No applicable information available.
Vapour pressure:	No applicable information available.

Safety Data Sheet

CB71V RICH BRONZE

Revision date : 2021/02/10

Version: 7.1

Page: 7/12

(30191832/SDS_GEN_CA/EN)

Density:	1.1331 g/cm ³ (20 °C)	(calculated)
Relative density:	1.1331 (20 °C)	
Vapour density:	No applicable information available.	
Partitioning coefficient n-octanol/water (log Pow):	No applicable information available.	
Thermal decomposition:	No applicable information available.	
Viscosity, dynamic:	No applicable information available.	
Viscosity, kinematic:	> 20.500 mm ² /s	
Solubility in water:	No applicable information available.	
Miscibility with water:	immiscible	
Solubility (quantitative):	No applicable information available.	
Solubility (qualitative):	No applicable information available.	
Molar mass:	No applicable information available.	
Evaporation rate:	No applicable information available.	

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity

No applicable information available.

Chemical stability

Possibility of hazardous reactions

No applicable information available.

Conditions to avoid

Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Avoid electro-static discharge.

Incompatible materials

strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition:

No applicable information available.

11. Toxicological information

Primary routes of exposure

Routes of entry for solids and liquids are ingestion and inhalation, but may include eye or skin contact. Routes of entry for gases include inhalation and eye contact. Skin contact may be a route of entry for liquefied gases.

Acute Toxicity/Effects

Acute toxicity

Assessment of acute toxicity: Virtually nontoxic by inhalation. Of moderate toxicity after short-term skin contact. Of moderate toxicity after single ingestion.

Information on: 2-Propanol

Assessment of acute toxicity: If used as intended, this product is not expected to present a physical or health hazard.

Safety Data Sheet

CB71V RICH BRONZE

Revision date : 2021/02/10

Version: 7.1

Page: 8/12

(30191832/SDS_GEN_CA/EN)

Virtually nontoxic by inhalation. Virtually nontoxic after a single skin contact. High concentrations in the air may cause narcosis. Of low toxicity after single ingestion.

Information on: 1-methoxypropan-2-ol

Assessment of acute toxicity: Of low toxicity after single ingestion. Virtually nontoxic by inhalation. Virtually nontoxic after a single skin contact.

Information on: 2-dimethylaminoethanol

Assessment of acute toxicity: Of moderate toxicity after short-term skin contact. Of moderate toxicity after single ingestion. Of pronounced toxicity after short-term inhalation.

Information on: 2-butoxyethanol

Assessment of acute toxicity: Of moderate toxicity after single ingestion. The inhalation of a highly enriched/saturated vapor-air-mixture represents an unlikely acute hazard. The European Union (EU) has classified this substance as 'harmful' after inhalation. Virtually nontoxic after a single skin contact. The European Union (EU) has classified this substance as 'harmful' after dermal exposure.

Oral

Type of value: LD50

Species: rat

Value: $\geq 1,183.00000$ mg/kg

Inhalation

Type of value: LC50

Species: rat

Value: > 6.000000 mg/l

Dermal

Type of value: LD50

Species: rabbit

Value: $\geq 1,219.00000$ mg/kg

Assessment other acute effects

Assessment of STOT single:

Possible narcotic effects (drowsiness or dizziness).

Irritation / corrosion

Assessment of irritating effects: Corrosive. Eye contact causes irritation.

Information on: 2-Propanol

Assessment of irritating effects: Not irritating to the skin. Eye contact causes irritation.

Information on: 2-dimethylaminoethanol

Assessment of irritating effects: Corrosive! Damages skin and eyes.

Information on: 2-butoxyethanol

Assessment of irritating effects: Eye contact causes irritation. Skin contact causes irritation.

Information on: 2,4,7,9-Tetramethyldec-5-yne-4,7-diol

Assessment of irritating effects: Not irritating to the skin. May cause severe damage to the eyes.

Sensitization

Information on: 2,4,7,9-Tetramethyldec-5-yne-4,7-diol

Assessment of sensitization:

Safety Data Sheet

CB71V RICH BRONZE

Revision date : 2021/02/10
Version: 7.1

Page: 9/12
(30191832/SDS_GEN_CA/EN)

Caused skin sensitization in animal studies.

Aspiration Hazard

No applicable information available.

Chronic Toxicity/Effects

Repeated dose toxicity

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Information on: 2-Propanol

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: No adverse effects were observed after repeated inhalative exposure in animal studies. The substance may cause damage to the liver after repeated inhalation of high doses.

Information on: 1-methoxypropan-2-ol

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: May affect the liver as indicated in animal studies. The substance may cause damage to the kidney after repeated inhalation. Effect found in rodents only. The relevance to humans is questionable.

Information on: 2-dimethylaminoethanol

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: The substance may cause damage to the central nervous system after repeated ingestion of high doses. The results are preliminary and do not provide a complete understanding of the effect observed. After repeated administration the prominent effect is the induction of corrosion.

The substance may cause damage to the central nervous system after repeated ingestion of high doses. The results are preliminary and do not provide a complete understanding of the effect observed.

Information on: 1-methoxy-2-propylacetate

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: Repeated dermal uptake of the substance did not cause substance-related effects. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition. The substance may cause damage to the olfactory epithelium after repeated inhalation. Repeated oral uptake of the substance did not cause substance-related effects.

Information on: 2-butoxyethanol

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: Damages blood cells. Due to the species specific mode of action, the effects are not expected to occur in humans.

Information on: Iron oxide

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: Short-term inhalation (5 days) of low aerosol concentrations did not cause substance-specific effects in animal studies. The substance may cause increase in lung mass and lung tissue changes after repeated inhalation.

Chronic exposures have been known to produce pneumoconiosis (chronic inflammatory and fibrotic lung disease).

Information on: Aluminum

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: The substance may cause damage to the kidney after repeated ingestion of high doses, as shown in animal studies. The substance may cause damage to the peripheral nervous system after repeated ingestion of high doses. The substance may cause damage to the central nervous system after repeated ingestion of high doses. The substance may cause damage to the lung after repeated inhalation. The product has not been fully tested. The statements have been derived in parts from products of a similar structure or composition.

Safety Data Sheet

CB71V RICH BRONZE

Revision date : 2021/02/10
Version: 7.1

Page: 10/12
(30191832/SDS_GEN_CA/EN)

Genetic toxicity

Information on: 2-Propanol

Assessment of mutagenicity: The substance was not mutagenic in bacteria. The substance was not mutagenic in mammalian cell culture. The substance was not mutagenic in a test with mammals.

Carcinogenicity

Assessment of carcinogenicity: Contains a suspect carcinogen.

Information on: 2-dimethylaminoethanol

Assessment of carcinogenicity: In long-term animal studies in which the substance was given by inhalation in high concentrations, a carcinogenic effect was not observed. Under certain conditions the substance can form nitrosamines. Nitrosamines are carcinogenic in animal studies.

Information on: 2-butoxyethanol

Assessment of carcinogenicity: Indication of possible carcinogenic effect in animal tests. A clear indication of an increased risk of cancer in humans has so far not been shown. IARC Group 3 (not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity).

Reproductive toxicity

Information on: 1-methoxypropan-2-ol

Assessment of reproduction toxicity: The potential to impair fertility cannot be excluded when given at maternally toxic doses.

Information on: 2-dimethylaminoethanol

Assessment of reproduction toxicity: The results of animal studies suggest a fertility impairing effect. The results were determined in a Screening test. On the basis of currently available information, a final assessment is not possible.

Information on: 2-Propanol

Assessment of reproduction toxicity: Animal studies gave no indication of a fertility impairing effect at doses which were not toxic to the parental animals.

Teratogenicity

Information on: 2-dimethylaminoethanol

Assessment of teratogenicity: Causes developmental effects in animals at high, maternally toxic doses.

Information on: 2-dimethylaminoethanol

Assessment of teratogenicity: Causes developmental effects in animals at high, maternally toxic doses.

12. Ecological Information

No applicable information available.

Safety Data Sheet

CB71V RICH BRONZE

Revision date : 2021/02/10
Version: 7.1

Page: 11/12
(30191832/SDS_GEN_CA/EN)

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal of substance:

Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater.

Must be disposed of or incinerated in accordance with local regulations.

14. Transport Information

Land transport

TDG

Hazard class: 3
Packing group: III
ID number: UN 1263
Hazard label: 3
Proper shipping name: PAINT

Sea transport

IMDG

Hazard class: 3
Packing group: III
ID number: UN 1263
Hazard label: 3
Marine pollutant: NO
Proper shipping name: PAINT

Air transport

IATA/ICAO

Hazard class: 3
Packing group: III
ID number: UN 1263
Hazard label: 3
Proper shipping name: PAINT

15. Regulatory Information

Federal Regulations

Registration status:

Chemical DSL, CA released / listed

NFPA Hazard codes:

Health: 2 Fire: 3 Reactivity: 1 Special:

16. Other Information

SDS Prepared by:

BASF NA Product Regulations

SDS Prepared on: 2021/02/10

Safety Data Sheet

CB71V RICH BRONZE

Revision date : 2021/02/10
Version: 7.1

Page: 12/12
(30191832/SDS_GEN_CA/EN)

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END OF DATA SHEET