



We create chemistry

Safety Data Sheet

HB770 RED OXIDE

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Version: 6.0

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(30313996/SDS_GEN_CA/EN)

1. Identification

Product identifier used on the label

HB770 RED OXIDE

Recommended use of the chemical and restriction on use

Recommended use*: Basecoat product

Recommended use*: Paints, Coatings and Related Materials; for industrial use only

Unsuitable for use: Not intended for sale to or use by the general public.

* The "Recommended use" identified for this product is provided solely to comply with a Federal requirement and is not part of the seller's published specification. The terms of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) do not create or infer any warranty, express or implied, including by incorporation into or reference in the seller's sales agreement.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company:

BASF Canada Inc.
100 Milverton Drive
Mississauga, ON L5R 4H1, CANADA

Telephone: +1 289 360-1300

Emergency telephone number

24 Hour Emergency Response Information

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

BASF HOTLINE: (800) 454-COPE (2673)

Other means of identification

Chemical family: Coating

2. Hazards Identification

According to Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) (SOR/2015-17)

Classification of the product

Acute Tox.	4 (oral)	Acute toxicity
Skin Corr./Irrit.	2	Skin corrosion/irritation
Eye Dam./Irrit.	2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Skin Sens.	1	Skin sensitization
Flam. Liq.	3	Flammable liquids

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Label elements

Pictogram:



Signal Word:
Warning

Hazard Statement:

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary Statements (Prevention):

P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection or face protection.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P264	Wash contaminated body parts thoroughly after handling.
P242	Use only non-sparking tools.
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Precautionary Statements (Response):

P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use water spray for extinction.
P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P330	Rinse mouth
P301 + P312	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P333 + P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove or Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
P337 + P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Precautionary Statements (Storage):

P403 + P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
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Precautionary Statements (Disposal):

P501	Dispose of contents and container to hazardous or special waste collection point.
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Hazards not otherwise classified

No applicable information available.

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3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

According to Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) (SOR/2015-17)

butan-2-ol

CAS Number: 78-92-2
Content (W/W): ≥ 10.0 - $< 15.0\%$
Synonym: sek.-Butanol

2-dimethylaminoethanol

CAS Number: 108-01-0
Content (W/W): ≥ 0.3 - $< 1.0\%$
Synonym: N,N-Dimethyl(2-hydroxyethyl)amine; 2(Dimethylamino)ethanol, Deanol

2-butoxyethanol

CAS Number: 111-76-2
Content (W/W): ≥ 25.0 - $< 50.0\%$
Synonym: Butyl cellosolve

2,4,7,9-Tetramethyldec-5-yne-4,7-diol

CAS Number: 126-86-3
Content (W/W): ≥ 1.0 - $< 3.0\%$
Synonym: 2,4,7,9-Tetramethyl-5-decyne-4,7-diol

Iron oxide

CAS Number: 1309-37-1
Content (W/W): ≥ 15.0 - $< 20.0\%$
Synonym: C.I. 77491

4. First-Aid Measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice:

Remove contaminated clothing.

If inhaled:

Keep patient calm, remove to fresh air. If breathing difficulties develop, aid in breathing and seek immediate medical attention.

If on skin:

If irritation develops, seek medical attention. Wash affected areas with water for at least 15 minutes.

If in eyes:

Flush with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids open to facilitate rinsing. If irritation develops, seek medical attention. Seek medical attention.

If swallowed:

Immediate medical attention required. Never induce vomiting or give anything by mouth if the victim is unconscious or having convulsions. Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth and then drink 200-300 ml of water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

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Symptoms: Information, i.e. additional information on symptoms and effects may be included in the GHS labeling phrases available in Section 2 and in the Toxicological assessments available in Section 11.

Information on: butan-2-ol

Symptoms: Overexposure may cause: coma, coordination disorder, nausea, headache, dizziness

Information on: 2-dimethylaminoethanol

Symptoms: Overexposure may cause: dyspnea, restlessness, coughing, headache

Information on: 2,4,7,9-Tetramethyldec-5-yne-4,7-diol

Symptoms: Overexposure may cause: corneal injury, severe pain, skin irritation, erythema, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, diarrhea, abdominal cramps

Information on: Iron oxide

Symptoms: Overexposure may cause: rhinitis, irritation of the mucous membranes, irritates the eyes and respiratory tract, headache, vomiting, dizziness, diarrhea, abdominal cramps

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physician

Treatment: Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no known specific antidote.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:
carbon dioxide, foam, dry powder, water spray

Unsuitable extinguishing media for safety reasons:
water jet

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards during fire-fighting:

Vapors and/or decomposition products are irritant and/or toxic. If product is heated above decomposition temperature acrid smoke and fumes will be released.

Advice for fire-fighters

Protective equipment for fire-fighting:

Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and turn-out gear.

Further information:

Notify proper authorities. Do not flood burning material with water due to potential spreading of fire. Flash fire may occur. Run-off water from fire may cause pollution. Contain contaminated water/firefighting water. Remove product from areas of fire, or otherwise cool sealed containers with water in order to avoid pressure build up due to heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may accumulate in low areas and travel a considerable distance up to the source of ignition.

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6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use antistatic tools. Extinguish sources of ignition nearby and downwind. Avoid prolonged inhalation. Wear suitable personal protective clothing and equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Environmental precautions

Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Dike spillage. Spills should be contained, solidified, and placed in suitable containers for disposal. Place into appropriately labeled waste containers.

7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

Handle and open container with care. WARNING: Empty containers may still contain hazardous residue. Use static lines when mixing and transferring material. Do not puncture, drop, or slide containers. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.

Protection against fire and explosion:

Risk of explosion if heated under confinement. Use antistatic tools. Exhaust fans should be explosion proof. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Provide adequate ventilation to remove solvent vapors from lower levels or work areas and to prevent solvent contact with ignition sources. Sealed containers should be protected against heat as this results in pressure build-up.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Segregate from strong bases. Segregate from oxidizing agents. Segregate from incompatible substances. Segregate from strong acids.

Suitable materials for containers: High density polyethylene (HDPE), Low density polyethylene (LDPE), Polyethyleneterephthalate (PET), Polypropylene (PP), Carbon steel (Iron), tinned carbon steel (Tinplate)

Further information on storage conditions: Keep container tightly closed. Protect from direct sunlight.

Storage stability:

Consult local fire marshal for storage requirements.
Protect from temperatures above: 49 °C

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Components with occupational exposure limits

butan-2-ol	ACGIH, US:	TWA value 100 ppm ;
	OSHA Z1:	PEL 150 ppm 450 mg/m3 ;
	OSHA Z1A:	TWA value 100 ppm 305 mg/m3 ;

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2-butoxyethanol	ACGIH, US:	TWA value 20 ppm ;
	OSHA Z1:	PEL 50 ppm 240 mg/m3 ;
	OSHA Z1:	Skin Designation ; The substance can be absorbed through the skin.
	OSHA Z1A:	SKIN_FINAL ; The substance can be absorbed through the skin.
	OSHA Z1A:	TWA value 25 ppm 120 mg/m3 ;
Iron oxide	ACGIH, US:	TWA value 5 mg/m3 Respirable fraction ;
	OSHA Z1:	PEL 10 mg/m3 fumes/smoke ;
	OSHA Z1A:	TWA value 10 mg/m3 fumes/smoke ;

Advice on system design:

Provide local exhaust ventilation to maintain recommended P.E.L.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection:

Do not exceed the maximum use concentration for the respirator facepiece/cartridge combination. Respiratory protection may not be required under normal operating conditions if adequate ventilation is provided. Wear a NIOSH-certified (or equivalent) organic vapour respirator. Particulate filters should be added during spray operations. Wear respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate.

Hand protection:

Use appropriate chemically impervious gloves as determined by an evaluation of glove performance characteristics and the hazards and potential hazards identified, including but not limited to butyl, natural and synthetic rubber, nitrile, or neoprene.

Eye protection:

Wear face shield if splashing hazard exists. Tightly fitting safety goggles (chemical goggles).

Body protection:

Body protection must be chosen based on level of activity and exposure.

General safety and hygiene measures:

Work place should be equipped with a shower and an eye wash. Remove contaminated clothing. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and clean before re-use or dispose it if necessary. Contact lenses should not be worn. Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at the end of the shift.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form:	liquid	
Odour:	No data available.	
Odour threshold:	No applicable information available.	
Colour:	red	
pH value:	No applicable information available.	
Melting point:	No applicable information available.	
Freezing point:	No applicable information available.	
Boiling range:	No applicable information available.	
Sublimation point:	No applicable information available.	
Flash point:	35 °C	(ISO 3679)
Flammability:	No applicable information available.	
Lower explosion limit:	No applicable information available.	
Upper explosion limit:	No applicable information available.	

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Autoignition:	No applicable information available.	
Vapour pressure:	No applicable information available.	
Density:	1.1139 g/cm ³ (20 °C)	(calculated)
Relative density:	1.1140 (20 °C)	
Vapour density:	No applicable information available.	
Partitioning coefficient n-octanol/water (log Pow):	No applicable information available.	
Thermal decomposition:	No applicable information available.	
Viscosity, dynamic:	No applicable information available.	
Viscosity, kinematic:	411.600 mm ² /s	
Solubility in water:	No applicable information available.	
Miscibility with water:	miscible	
Solubility (quantitative):	No applicable information available.	
Solubility (qualitative):	No applicable information available.	
Molar mass:	No applicable information available.	
Evaporation rate:	No applicable information available.	

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity

No applicable information available.

Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

No applicable information available.

Conditions to avoid

Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Avoid electro-static discharge.

Incompatible materials

strong oxidizing agents, strong bases, strong acids

Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products:
carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide

Thermal decomposition:
No applicable information available.

11. Toxicological information

Primary routes of exposure

Routes of entry for solids and liquids are ingestion and inhalation, but may include eye or skin contact. Routes of entry for gases include inhalation and eye contact. Skin contact may be a route of entry for liquefied gases.

Primary routes of entry

Solvents are absorbed through the skin.

Acute Toxicity/Effects

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Acute toxicity

Assessment of acute toxicity: Virtually nontoxic by inhalation. Virtually nontoxic after a single skin contact. Of moderate toxicity after single ingestion.

Information on: 2-dimethylaminoethanol

Assessment of acute toxicity: Of moderate toxicity after short-term skin contact. Of moderate toxicity after single ingestion. Of pronounced toxicity after short-term inhalation.

Information on: 2-butoxyethanol

Assessment of acute toxicity: Of moderate toxicity after single ingestion. The inhalation of a highly enriched/saturated vapor-air-mixture represents an unlikely acute hazard. The European Union (EU) has classified this substance as 'harmful' after inhalation. Virtually nontoxic after a single skin contact. The European Union (EU) has classified this substance as 'harmful' after dermal exposure.

Oral

Type of value: LD50

Species: guinea pig

Value: 1,300.000000 mg/kg

Inhalation

Type of value: LC50

Species: rat

Value: >= 25.00000 mg/l

Dermal

Type of value: LD50

Species: rat

Value: > 2,000.000000 mg/kg

Assessment other acute effects

No applicable information available.

Irritation / corrosion

Assessment of irritating effects: Eye contact causes irritation. Skin contact causes irritation.

Information on: butan-2-ol

Assessment of irritating effects: Irritating to eyes. Not irritating to the skin.

Information on: 2-dimethylaminoethanol

Assessment of irritating effects: Corrosive! Damages skin and eyes.

Information on: 2-butoxyethanol

Assessment of irritating effects: Eye contact causes irritation. Skin contact causes irritation.

Information on: 2,4,7,9-Tetramethyldec-5-yne-4,7-diol

Assessment of irritating effects: Not irritating to the skin. May cause severe damage to the eyes.

Sensitization

Information on: 2,4,7,9-Tetramethyldec-5-yne-4,7-diol

Assessment of sensitization:

Caused skin sensitization in animal studies.

Aspiration Hazard

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No applicable information available.

Chronic Toxicity/Effects

Repeated dose toxicity

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Information on: 2-dimethylaminoethanol

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: The substance may cause damage to the central nervous system after repeated ingestion of high doses. The results are preliminary and do not provide a complete understanding of the effect observed. After repeated administration the prominent effect is the induction of corrosion.

The substance may cause damage to the central nervous system after repeated ingestion of high doses. The results are preliminary and do not provide a complete understanding of the effect observed.

Information on: 2-butoxyethanol

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: Damages blood cells. Due to the species specific mode of action, the effects are not expected to occur in humans.

Information on: Iron oxide

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: Short-term inhalation (5 days) of low aerosol concentrations did not cause substance-specific effects in animal studies. The substance may cause increase in lung mass and lung tissue changes after repeated inhalation.

Chronic exposures have been known to produce pneumoconiosis (chronic inflammatory and fibrotic lung disease).

Carcinogenicity

Assessment of carcinogenicity: Contains a suspect carcinogen.

Information on: 2-dimethylaminoethanol

Assessment of carcinogenicity: In long-term animal studies in which the substance was given by inhalation in high concentrations, a carcinogenic effect was not observed. Under certain conditions the substance can form nitrosamines. Nitrosamines are carcinogenic in animal studies.

Information on: 2-butoxyethanol

Assessment of carcinogenicity: Indication of possible carcinogenic effect in animal tests. A clear indication of an increased risk of cancer in humans has so far not been shown. IARC Group 3 (not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity).

Reproductive toxicity

Information on: 2-dimethylaminoethanol

Assessment of reproduction toxicity: The results of animal studies suggest a fertility impairing effect. The results were determined in a Screening test. On the basis of currently available information, a final assessment is not possible.

Teratogenicity

Information on: butan-2-ol

Assessment of teratogenicity: Animal studies gave no indication of a developmental toxic effect at doses that were not toxic to the parental animals.

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Information on: 2-dimethylaminoethanol

Assessment of teratogenicity: Causes developmental effects in animals at high, maternally toxic doses.

12. Ecological Information

No applicable information available.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal of substance:

Do not incinerate closed containers. The use and processing of this product, or addition of other constituents, may cause it to be considered a hazardous waste. Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater.

Must be disposed of or incinerated in accordance with local regulations.

Container disposal:

Do not reuse containers without commercial reconditioning. WARNING: Empty containers may still contain hazardous residue.

14. Transport Information

Land transport

TDG

Hazard class:	3
Packing group:	III
ID number:	UN 1263
Hazard label:	3
Proper shipping name:	PAINT

Sea transport

IMDG

Hazard class:	3
Packing group:	III
ID number:	UN 1263
Hazard label:	3
Marine pollutant:	NO
Proper shipping name:	PAINT

Air transport

IATA/ICAO

Hazard class:	3
Packing group:	III
ID number:	UN 1263
Hazard label:	3
Proper shipping name:	PAINT

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15. Regulatory Information

Federal Regulations

Registration status:

Chemical DSL, CA released / listed

NFPA Hazard codes:

Health: 2 Fire: 3 Reactivity: 0 Special:

16. Other Information

SDS Prepared by:

BASF NA Product Regulations
SDS Prepared on: 2021/05/11

We support worldwide Responsible Care® initiatives. We value the health and safety of our employees, customers, suppliers and neighbors, and the protection of the environment. Our commitment to Responsible Care is integral to conducting our business and operating our facilities in a safe and environmentally responsible fashion, supporting our customers and suppliers in ensuring the safe and environmentally sound handling of our products, and minimizing the impact of our operations on society and the environment during production, storage, transport, use and disposal of our products.

END OF DATA SHEET