

Revision date: 2021/06/11 Page: 1/15 Version: 8.0 (30277180/SDS GEN CA/EN)

1. Identification

Product identifier used on the label

SCM103 UNO HD Mixing Clr

Recommended use of the chemical and restriction on use

Recommended use*: Paints, Coatings and Related Materials; for industrial use only Unsuitable for use: Not intended for sale to or use by the general public.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company:

BASF Canada Inc. 100 Milverton Drive Mississauga, ON L5R 4H1, CANADA

Telephone: +1 289 360-1300

Emergency telephone number

24 Hour Emergency Response Information

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

BASF HOTLINE: (800) 454-COPE (2673)

Other means of identification

Chemical family: Coating

2. Hazards Identification

According to Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) (SOR/2015-17)

Classification of the product

Skin Corr./Irrit. 2 Skin corrosion/irritation

Eye Dam./Irrit. 1 Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Skin Sens.

1 Skin sensitization
Repr.

1 (unborn child) Reproductive toxicity
Repr.

1 (fertility) Reproductive toxicity

Aquatic Acute 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute Aquatic Chronic 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic

^{*} The "Recommended use" identified for this product is provided solely to comply with a Federal requirement and is not part of the seller's published specification. The terms of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) do not create or infer any warranty, express or implied, including by incorporation into or reference in the seller's sales agreement.

Revision date: 2021/06/11 Page: 2/15 Version: 8.0 (30277180/SDS GEN CA/EN)

Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquids

STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity — repeated

exposure

Label elements

Pictogram:



Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statement:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H360 May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

H372 Causes damage to organs (Lung) through prolonged or repeated

exposure (inhalation).

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H373 May cause damage to organs (Auditory organ, Central nervous system,

Kidney, Liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements (Prevention):

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection or face

protection.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P264 Wash contaminated body parts thoroughly after handling.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other

ignition sources. No smoking.

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and

understood.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P260 Do not breathe dust or mist.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

Precautionary Statements (Response):

Revision date: 2021/06/11 Page: 3/15 Version: 8.0 (30277180/SDS GEN CA/EN)

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use water spray for extinction.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove or Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P391 Collect spillage.

Precautionary Statements (Storage):

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

Precautionary Statements (Disposal):

P501 Dispose of contents and container to hazardous or special waste

collection point.

Hazards not otherwise classified

No applicable information available.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

According to Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) (SOR/2015-17)

Benzoic acid

CAS Number: 65-85-0

Content (W/W): >= 3.0 - < 5.0%

Synonym: Benzoic acid; Benzenecarboxylic acid

dibutyltin dilaurate

CAS Number: 77-58-7

Content (W/W): >= 0.1 - < 0.2%

Synonym: Dibutylbis[1-oxododecyl)oxy]stannane; Dibutyltin dilaurate

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

CAS Number: 95-63-6

Content (W/W): >= 1.0 - < 3.0% Synonym: 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

cumene

CAS Number: 98-82-8

Content (W/W): >= 0.0 - < 0.1%

Synonym: (1-Methylethyl)benzene; Isopropylbenzene, Cumene

ethylbenzene

CAS Number: 100-41-4 Content (W/W): >= 1.0 - < 3.0% Synonym: Ethylbenzene

n-Butyl acetate

CAS Number: 123-86-4

Revision date: 2021/06/11 Page: 4/15 Version: 8.0 (30277180/SDS GEN CA/EN)

Content (W/W): >= 10.0 - < 15.0%

Synonym: n-Butyl acetate

Xylene

CAS Number: 1330-20-7 Content (W/W): >= 5.0 - < 7.0% Synonym: Xylene; Dimethylbenzene

Benzene, trimethyl-

CAS Number: 25551-13-7 Content (W/W): >= 1.0 - < 3.0% Synonym: Trimethylbenzene

bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate

CAS Number: 41556-26-7 Content (W/W): >= 3.0 - < 5.0%

Synonym: Decanedioic acid, bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) ester

Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate

CAS Number: 82919-37-7 Content (W/W): >= 1.0 - < 3.0%

Synonym: Decanedioic acid, 1-methyl 10-(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl)

ester

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.

CAS Number: 64742-95-6 Content (W/W): >= 1.0 - < 3.0% Synonym: No data available.

4. First-Aid Measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice:

Remove contaminated clothing.

If inhaled:

Keep patient calm, remove to fresh air. If breathing difficulties develop, aid in breathing and seek immediate medical attention.

If on skin:

Seek medical attention. Immediately wash affected area with soap and water for 20-30 minutes or until chemical is removed.

If in eves:

Flush with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids open to facilitate rinsing. If irritation develops, seek medical attention. Seek medical attention.

If swallowed:

Immediate medical attention required. Never induce vomiting or give anything by mouth if the victim is unconscious or having convulsions. Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth and then drink 200-300 ml of water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Revision date : 2021/06/11 Page: 5/15 Version: 8.0 (30277180/SDS_GEN_CA/EN)

Symptoms: Information, i.e. additional information on symptoms and effects may be included in the GHS labeling phrases available in Section 2 and in the Toxicological assessments available in Section 11.

Information on: Benzoic acid

Symptoms: Overexposure may cause:, Eye irritation, skin irritation, erythema, nausea, headache, vomiting, dizziness, diarrhea, abdominal cramps

Information on: dibutyltin dilaurate

Symptoms: Overexposure may cause:, unconsciousness, vomiting, abdominal cramps, dyspnea,

diarrhea, coughing

Information on: 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Symptoms: Overexposure may cause:, headache, tiredness, nausea, anxiety, asthma, bronchitis,

noncardiogenic pulmonary edema

Information on: cumene

Symptoms: Overexposure may cause:, unconsciousness, coordination disorder, headache,

dizziness

Information on: Xylene

Symptoms: Overexposure may cause:, coma, weakness, lethargy, confusion, dyspnea, nausea,

headache, dizziness

Information on: Benzene, trimethyl-

Symptoms: Overexposure may cause:, Eye irritation, skin irritation, erythema, nausea, headache, vomiting, dizziness, diarrhea, abdominal cramps, Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms:,

irritation of respiratory tract, coughing

Information on: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate

Symptoms: Overexposure may cause:, skin irritation, erythema, nausea, headache, vomiting,

dizziness, diarrhea, abdominal cramps

Information on: Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate

Symptoms: Overexposure may cause:, skin irritation, erythema, nausea, headache, vomiting,

dizziness, diarrhea, abdominal cramps

Information on: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.

Symptoms: Overexposure may cause:, Eye irritation, skin irritation, erythema, nausea, headache, vomiting, dizziness, diarrhea, abdominal cramps, Ingestion may provoke the following symptoms:,

asphyxia, dyspnea, choking, respiratory arrest, circulatory collapse, death

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physician

Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no

known specific antidote.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: carbon dioxide, foam, dry powder, water spray

Revision date: 2021/06/11 Page: 6/15 Version: 8.0 (30277180/SDS_GEN_CA/EN)

Unsuitable extinguishing media for safety reasons: water jet

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards during fire-fighting:

Vapors and/or decomposition products are irritant and/or toxic. If product is heated above decomposition temperature acrid smoke and fumes will be released.

Advice for fire-fighters

Protective equipment for fire-fighting:

Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and turn-out gear.

Further information:

Notify proper authorities. Do not flood burning material with water due to potential spreading of fire. Flash fire may occur. Run-off water from fire may cause pollution. Contain contaminated water/firefighting water. Remove product from areas of fire, or otherwise cool sealed containers with water in order to avoid pressure build up due to heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may accumulate in low areas and travel a considerable distance up to the source of ignition.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use antistatic tools. Extinguish sources of ignition nearby and downwind. Avoid prolonged inhalation. Wear suitable personal protective clothing and equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Environmental precautions

Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Dike spillage. Spills should be contained, solidified, and placed in suitable containers for disposal. Place into appropriately labeled waste containers.

7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

Handle and open container with care. WARNING: Empty containers may still contain hazardous residue. Use static lines when mixing and transferring material. Do not puncture, drop, or slide containers. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.

Protection against fire and explosion:

Risk of explosion if heated under confinement. Use antistatic tools. Exhaust fans should be explosion proof. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Provide adequate ventilation to remove solvent vapors from lower levels or work areas and to prevent solvent contact with ignition sources. Sealed containers should be protected against heat as this results in pressure build-up.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Segregate from strong bases. Segregate from oxidizing agents. Segregate from incompatible substances. Segregate from strong acids.

Further information on storage conditions: Keep container tightly closed. Protect from direct sunlight.

Storage stability:

Consult local fire marshal for storage requirements.

Revision date: 2021/06/11 Page: 7/15
Version: 8.0 (30277180/SDS_GEN_CA/EN)

Protect from temperatures above: 49 °C

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Components with occupational exposure limits

dibutyltin dilaurate	ACGIH, US: ACGIH, US: OSHA Z1: OSHA Z1A: OSHA Z1A: ACGIH, US:	TWA value 0.1 mg/m3 (tin (Sn)); STEL value 0.2 mg/m3 (tin (Sn)); PEL 0.1 mg/m3 (tin (Sn)); TWA value 0.1 mg/m3 (tin (Sn)); SKIN_FINAL (tin (Sn)); The substance can be absorbed through the skin. Skin Designation (tin (Sn)); Danger of cutaneous absorption
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	ACGIH, US: OSHA Z1A:	TWA value 25 ppm ; TWA value 25 ppm 125 mg/m3 ;
cumene	ACGIH, US: OSHA Z1:	TWA value 50 ppm; Skin Designation; The substance can be absorbed through the skin.
	OSHA Z1: OSHA Z1A:	PEL 50 ppm 245 mg/m3; SKIN_FINAL; The substance can be absorbed through the skin.
	OSHA Z1A:	TWA value 50 ppm 245 mg/m3;
ethylbenzene	ACGIH, US: OSHA Z1: OSHA Z1A: OSHA Z1A:	TWA value 20 ppm; PEL 100 ppm 435 mg/m3; STEL value 125 ppm 545 mg/m3; TWA value 100 ppm 435 mg/m3;
n-Butyl acetate	ACGIH, US: ACGIH, US: OSHA Z1: OSHA Z1A: OSHA Z1A:	STEL value 150 ppm; TWA value 50 ppm; PEL 150 ppm 710 mg/m3; STEL value 200 ppm 950 mg/m3; TWA value 150 ppm 710 mg/m3;
Xylene	ACGIH, US: ACGIH, US: OSHA Z1: OSHA Z1A: OSHA Z1A:	TWA value 100 ppm; STEL value 150 ppm; PEL 100 ppm 435 mg/m3; TWA value 100 ppm 435 mg/m3; STEL value 150 ppm 655 mg/m3;
Benzene, trimethyl-	ACGIH, US: OSHA Z1A:	TWA value 25 ppm ; TWA value 25 ppm 125 mg/m3 ;

Advice on system design:

Provide local exhaust ventilation to maintain recommended P.E.L.

Revision date: 2021/06/11 Page: 8/15 Version: 8.0 (30277180/SDS_GEN_CA/EN)

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection:

Do not exceed the maximum use concentration for the respirator facepiece/cartridge combination. Wear a NIOSH-certified (or equivalent) organic vapour respirator. Particulate filters should be added during spray operations. Wear respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate.

Hand protection:

Use appropriate chemically impervious gloves as determined by an evaluation of glove performance characteristics and the hazards and potential hazards identified, including but not limited to butyl, natural and synthetic rubber, nitrile, or neoprene.

Eye protection:

Wear face shield if splashing hazard exists. Tightly fitting safety goggles (chemical goggles).

Body protection:

Body protection must be chosen based on level of activity and exposure.

General safety and hygiene measures:

Work place should be equipped with a shower and an eye wash. Remove contaminated clothing. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and clean before re-use or dispose it if necessary. Contact lenses should not be worn. Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at the end of the shift.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form: liquid

Odour: No data available.

Odour threshold: No applicable information available.

Colour: clear

pH value: No applicable information available. Melting point: No applicable information available. Freezing point: No applicable information available.

Boiling range: 136.11 - 300.00 °C

Sublimation point: No applicable information available.

Flash point: 33.89 °C

Flammability: No applicable information available.

Lower explosion limit: 0.90 %(V) Upper explosion limit: 7.00 %(V)

Autoignition: No applicable information available. Vapour pressure: No applicable information available.

Density: 1.0393 g/cm3 (calculated)

(20 °C)

Relative density: 1.0393

(20°C)

Vapour density: No applicable information available. Partitioning coefficient n- No applicable information available.

octanol/water (log Pow):

Thermal decomposition: No applicable information available. Viscosity, dynamic: No applicable information available.

Viscosity, kinematic: > 20.500 mm2/s

Solubility in water:
Solubility (quantitative):
Solubility (qualitative):
No applicable information available.

Revision date: 2021/06/11 Page: 9/15 Version: 8.0 (30277180/SDS GEN CA/EN)

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity

No applicable information available.

Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

No applicable information available.

Conditions to avoid

Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Avoid electro-static discharge.

Incompatible materials

strong oxidizing agents, strong bases, strong acids

Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide

Thermal decomposition:

No applicable information available.

11. Toxicological information

Primary routes of exposure

Routes of entry for solids and liquids are ingestion and inhalation, but may include eye or skin contact. Routes of entry for gases include inhalation and eye contact. Skin contact may be a route of entry for liquefied gases.

Primary routes of entry

Solvents are absorbed through the skin.

Acute Toxicity/Effects

Acute toxicity

Assessment of acute toxicity: Virtually nontoxic after a single ingestion. Virtually nontoxic by inhalation. Virtually nontoxic after a single skin contact.

Information on: Benzoic acid

Assessment of acute toxicity:Of low toxicity after single ingestion. Of low toxicity after short-term skin contact. Virtually nontoxic by inhalation.

Information on: dibutyltin dilaurate

Assessment of acute toxicity:Of moderate toxicity after single ingestion. Virtually nontoxic after a single skin contact.

Information on: 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Assessment of acute toxicity: Virtually nontoxic after a single skin contact. Virtually nontoxic after a single ingestion. Of moderate toxicity after short-term inhalation. The product has not been fully tested. The statements have been derived in parts from products of a similar structure or composition.

Revision date: 2021/06/11 Page: 10/15 Version: 8.0 (30277180/SDS GEN CA/EN)

Information on: cumene

Assessment of acute toxicity:Of low toxicity after single ingestion. Virtually nontoxic by inhalation. Virtually nontoxic after a single skin contact.

Information on: ethylbenzene

Assessment of acute toxicity:Of moderate toxicity after short-term inhalation. Virtually nontoxic after a single skin contact. Of low toxicity after single ingestion.

Information on: Xvlene

Assessment of acute toxicity:Of low toxicity after single ingestion. Of low toxicity after short-term inhalation. Virtually nontoxic after a single skin contact. The European Union (EU) has classified this substance as 'harmful' after inhalation. The European Union (EU) has classified this substance as 'harmful' after dermal exposure. High concentrations in the air may cause narcosis.

Information on: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate

Assessment of acute toxicity:Of low toxicity after single ingestion. Virtually nontoxic after a single skin contact.

Information on: Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate

Assessment of acute toxicity:Of low toxicity after single ingestion. Virtually nontoxic after a single skin contact.

Information on: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.

Assessment of acute toxicity:Virtually nontoxic after a single ingestion. No deaths at the highest dose tested after short-term inhalation. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition. Of low toxicity after short-term skin contact.

Oral

Type of value: LD50

Species: rat

Value: > 2,000.000000 mg/kg

<u>Inhalation</u>

Type of value: LC50

Species: rat

Value: > 12.200000 mg/l

Dermal

Type of value: LD50 Species: rabbit

Value: > 2,000.000000 mg/kg

Assessment other acute effects

No applicable information available.

Irritation / corrosion

Assessment of irritating effects: Eye contact causes irritation. Skin contact causes irritation.

Information on: Benzoic acid

Assessment of irritating effects: Eye contact causes irritation. Not irritating to the skin.

Information on: dibutyltin dilaurate

Assessment of irritating effects: Corrosive! Damages skin and eyes.

Information on: 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Revision date: 2021/06/11 Page: 11/15 Version: 8.0 (30277180/SDS GEN CA/EN)

Assessment of irritating effects: Skin contact causes irritation. Eye contact causes irritation. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Information on: cumene

Assessment of irritating effects: Not irritating to the skin. Not irritating to the eyes. Causes temporary irritation of the respiratory tract.

Information on: ethylbenzene

Assessment of irritating effects: May cause slight irritation to the skin. May cause slight irritation to

the eyes.

Information on: n-Butyl acetate

Assessment of irritating effects: Not irritating to the skin. Not irritating to the eyes.

Not irritating to the skin. May cause slight irritation to the eyes.

Information on: Xylene

Assessment of irritating effects: Skin contact causes irritation. Eye contact causes irritation.

Information on: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate

Assessment of irritating effects: May cause slight irritation to the skin. Not irritating to the eyes.

Information on: Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate

Assessment of irritating effects: May cause slight irritation to the skin. Not irritating to the eyes.

Information on: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.

Assessment of irritating effects: May cause slight irritation to the skin. May cause slight irritation to

the eyes. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from

substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Sensitization

Information on: dibutyltin dilaurate Assessment of sensitization:

Sensitization after skin contact possible.

Information on: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate

Assessment of sensitization:

Sensitization after skin contact possible.

Information on: Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate

Assessment of sensitization:

Sensitization after skin contact possible.

Aspiration Hazard

No applicable information available.

Chronic Toxicity/Effects

Repeated dose toxicity

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: Repeated exposure to small quantities may affect certain organs.

Information on: Benzoic acid

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: The substance may cause damage to the central nervous system after repeated ingestion of high doses. The substance may cause damage to the lung after

Revision date : 2021/06/11 Page: 12/15 Version: 8.0 (30277180/SDS_GEN_CA/EN)

repeated inhalation of high doses. The substance may cause damage to the kidney after repeated ingestion of high doses, as shown in animal studies.

Information on: dibutyltin dilaurate

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: Repeated exposure to small quantities may affect certain organs.

Information on: ethylbenzene

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: The substance may cause damage to the liver after repeated ingestion of high doses, as shown in animal studies. The substance may cause deafness after repeated inhalation. The substance may cause deafness after repeated ingestion.

Information on: n-Butyl acetate

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: After repeated exposure the prominent effect is local irritation.

Information on: Xylene

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: Overexposure may cause liver and kidney toxicity.

Repeated exposure may affect certain organs. Damages the central nerve system. The substance can cause changes in the following organs after repeated exposure to large quantities: Liver Kidney

Information on: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: The substance may reversibly affect the nervous system, but there are no indications of permanent nerve cell damage. The effects were only observed at doses/concentrations not relevant for classification and/or practical use conditions.

Information on: Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: The substance may reversibly affect the nervous system, but there are no indications of permanent nerve cell damage. The effects were only observed at doses/concentrations not relevant for classification and/or practical use conditions.

Information on: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: After repeated exposure the prominent effect is local irritation. The substance may cause damage to the liver after repeated ingestion.

Effects on the kidney of male rats were detected after repeated exposure. These effects are specific for the male rat and are known to be of no relevance to humans. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Genetic toxicity

Information on: dibutyltin dilaurate

Assessment of mutagenicity: Mutagenic properties can not be excluded on the basis of experimental

data.

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Carcinogenicity

Assessment of carcinogenicity: Contains a suspect carcinogen.

Information on: cumene

Assessment of carcinogenicity: Indication of possible carcinogenic effect in animal tests. The effect is caused by an animal specific mechanism that has no human counter part. A clear indication of an increased risk of cancer in humans has so far not been shown. IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) has classified this substance as group 2B (The agent is possibly carcinogenic to humans).

Information on: ethylbenzene

Revision date : 2021/06/11 Page: 13/15 Version: 8.0 (30277180/SDS_GEN_CA/EN)

Assessment of carcinogenicity: Indication of possible carcinogenic effect in animal tests. The effect is caused by an animal specific mechanism that has no human counter part. A clear indication of an increased risk of cancer in humans has so far not been shown. IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) has classified this substance as group 2B (The agent is possibly carcinogenic to humans)

Reproductive toxicity

Information on: dibutyltin dilaurate

Assessment of reproduction toxicity: Causes impairment of fertility in laboratory animals. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Information on: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate

Assessment of reproduction toxicity: The results of animal studies suggest a fertility impairing effect. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Information on: Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate

Assessment of reproduction toxicity: The results of animal studies suggest a fertility impairing effect. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Teratogenicity

Information on: dibutyltin dilaurate

Assessment of teratogenicity: The substance caused malformations/developmental toxicity in laboratory animals.

Information on: Xylene

Assessment of teratogenicity: In animal studies the substance did not cause malformations.

12. Ecological Information

No applicable information available.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal of substance:

Do not incinerate closed containers. The use and processing of this product, or addition of other constituents, may cause it to be considered a hazardous waste. Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater.

Must be disposed of or incinerated in accordance with local regulations.

Container disposal:

WARNING: Empty containers may still contain hazardous residue.

14. Transport Information

Revision date: 2021/06/11 Page: 14/15 Version: 8.0 (30277180/SDS GEN CA/EN)

Land transport

TDG

Hazard class: 3 Packing group: III

ID number: UN 1866

Hazard label: 3

Proper shipping name: RESIN SOLUTION

Sea transport

IMDG

Hazard class: 3 Packing group: III

ID number: UN 1866

Hazard label: 3
Marine pollutant: NO

Proper shipping name: RESIN SOLUTION

Air transport IATA/ICAO

Hazard class: 3 Packing group: III

ID number: UN 1866

Hazard label: 3

Proper shipping name: RESIN SOLUTION

15. Regulatory Information

Federal Regulations

Registration status:

Chemical DSL. CA released / listed

NFPA Hazard codes:

Health: 2 Fire: 3 Reactivity: 0 Special:

16. Other Information

SDS Prepared by:

BASF NA Product Regulations SDS Prepared on: 2021/06/11

We support worldwide Responsible Care® initiatives. We value the health and safety of our employees, customers, suppliers and neighbors, and the protection of the environment. Our commitment to Responsible Care is integral to conducting our business and operating our facilities in a safe and environmentally responsible fashion, supporting our customers and suppliers in ensuring the safe and environmentally sound handling of our products, and minimizing the impact of our operations on society and the environment during production, storage, transport, use and disposal of our products.

Safety Data Sheet SCM103 UNO HD Mixing Clr Revision date: 2021/06/11

Revision date : 2021/06/11 Page: 15/15
Version: 8.0 (30277180/SDS_GEN_CA/EN)

END OF DATA SHEET